Approved For Release 2003/06/27 CIA-RDP57-00012A000600220007-6 Security Information

Summary of Interviews with Consumers and Instructors

Opinions and Attitudes of Consumers.

The majority of users of training evaluation reports view the reports as one of a number of factors to be considered in determining personnel decisions such as assignment, transfer, and promotion recommendation. Some consumers give as much or more weight to the comments and evaluations made by the instructors as they do to the report of academic achievements while others pay only slight attention to these remarks because of their "subjective" nature. None of the consumers, however, suggested the elimination of trait ratings and reports of observed behavior. They recognize the limitations of the basic courses as evaluative situations and are aware of the difficulties of making valid appraisals of personal characteristics in such settings. Few decisions, therefore, are made on the basis of training evaluation reports alons, but any information which is provided concerning the student's mental abilities, his behavior and his personality would be welcome. Supervisors in DD/A and DD/I offices, on the whole, expressed greater interest in the evaluation of professional skills as required in report writing and research, while DD/P supervisors placed greater relative stress upon the appraisal of persenality characteristics.

In order to understand and interpret evaluation reports correctly, most consumers expressed a desire for more detailed information concerning course objectives, procedures, and opportunities for individual contact and observation. Precise meanings of grades and adjectival ratings and the establishing of norms would be desirable. Some degree of uniformity in the evaluative procedures and reports would also make for greater consistency in standards and in interpretation from course to course and from class to class.

Opinions and Attitudes of Instructional Staff.

Instructors and training officials were concerned about improving the quality of their evaluations. They expressed a desire for more precise information about the requirements of the consumers in order that they might make their evaluations and ratings more meaningful. They were also concerned, however, about being required to make judgments in which they had little confidence in situations where there were limited opportunities for observing students. For some courses, instructors felt that grading and rating the results of subject-matter tests was all that could be done, while in others some evaluation of skill and facility of performance and appraisal of personality characteristics could be made. In all areas, however, some professional assistance would be welcome, for example, on such problems as constructing tests, designing rating procedures, etc.

For the BIC(CS), which will be a lecture course, contact between instructor and student will be minimal. Academic grades based on objective tests

Approved For Release 25 (1972): SIA-RDP57-00012A000600220007-6

will be reported and any unusually outstanding performance, either good or poor, will be noted. In addition, other unusual behavior on the part of a student will be commented upon. Plans for BIC(Sup) are still awaiting approval, but the training evaluation procedures will probably be similar to those for BIC(CS). The BIC(I) provides some opportunities for contact between students and instructors. Therefore, in addition to academic ratings, some personality appraisal is considered feasible.



\underline{S} - \underline{E} - \underline{C} - \underline{R} - \underline{E} - \underline{T}

Approved For Release 2003/08/27 : CIA-RDP57-00012A000600220007-6 TRAINING EVALUATION

preting evaluations, the amount of opportunce This evaluation abould not be used as a suffurnish information on how well the stude incidental observations of interest are reprinformation. Unless otherwise stated, perform in relationship to performance of those regard to position, grade, or length of seinterpreting the report. Section	weeks duration in which there werestudents. Inity for observation of individual atudents should be a sole or even major basia for action. It is primarily is dent learned the subject matter or skills taught. Se exported. These have significance only as they are related formance is evaluated in terms of standards set by the is who have or who are taking the course. The evaluation ervice in the Agency. These factors must be taken into on I: Identifying Information rae and Inclusive Dates:	considered. Intended to condarily, ed to other instructors is without
Date of Birth: E.O.D:	Grade or Rank: Days Absent:	
	Yes No This atudent interfered with inatructional and classroom activities? F. Did you observe any outstanding train or characteristic that you believe should be taken into account either in dealing with this person or in planning his career? Do not answer 'yes' unless the person is well described by the trait. It 'yes' explain fully below.	Yes No
Subject	Section III: Knowledge Centile Standing Instructor's Rating	2
Over-all Academic Evaluation:	2. Scale weed: Failure Poor Satisfect	- COPY

Excellent, Superior.

S-E-C-R-E-T

Approved For Release 2009/09/27 In Olar PP57-00012A000600220007-6

Section IV. Skills

	Instru	ictor's Evalu						
<u>Skill</u>	Course Instruction		Incidental Observation	Associates' Evaluation				
	Centile ¹ Standing	Rating	Rating	Centile ² Standing				
Ability to write reports								
Facility in oral expression								
Other:								
l.Based on	2. Based on:							

Section V. Attitudes and Personality Traits

Explanation: The distribution of scores for the class is shown for each trait or attitude rated. Red X's are for the instructors' ratings, black X's are for associates' ratings. The student's mark is circled.									
Trait or Attitude	RATING:	Failure	Poor	Satisfactory	Excellent	Superior			
	· · · · · ·								
Directions: In terms of all factories in Agency, grade, and your judgment of his performance 1. He was inadequate in 12. He was barely adequate in a limited range of	ors observed d general area in the course his performanc e in his perfo	of work, ind . e rmance and p	urse and icate, by	taking into account placing an X in the second seco	the appropria				
3. He performed acceptab 4. He was a typically ef dependable manner 5. He performed at a high	ly, but was ba fective studen	rely adequat t who perfor	e in some med in a	respects competent,	• •				
6. He performed at an ex surpsssed	tremely high l el of competen	evel that on	ly a few	students have	•				

Section VII. Comments

Report here general information, extenuating circumstances, or recommendations not included elsewhere in this report:

Approved For Release 2003/08/27 : CIA-RDP57-00012A000600220007-6